STATE OF NEW YORK

1842

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 13, 2017

Introduced by M. of A. MORELLE, JAFFEE, PERRY, MAGNARELLI, ROSENTHAL, CUSICK, GUNTHER, ORTIZ, PAULIN, TITONE, DINOWITZ, GOTTFRIED, M. G. MILLER, BENEDETTO, BRONSON, GALEF, COLTON, BRINDISI, SKARTADOS, STIRPE, FAHY, SIMANOWITZ, WEPRIN, BLAKE, ARROYO -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ABINANTI, BARCLAY, BRABENEC, BRAUNSTEIN, CAHILL, COOK, CURRAN, CYMBROWITZ, Dendekker, Englebright, Finch, Fitzpatrick, GARBARINO, HEVESI, HOOPER, JENNE, JOHNS, KOLB, LAWRENCE, LIFTON, LUPARDO, MAGEE, MALLIOTAKIS, McDONALD, McDONOUGH, MONTESANO, PRETLOW, RAIA, RAMOS, RIVERA, STEC, WALTER, ZEBROWSKI -- read once and referred to the Committee on Higher Education

AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to the educational preparation for practice of professional nursing

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The legislature hereby finds and declares that with the 2 increasing complexity of the American healthcare system and rapidly expanding technology, the educational preparation of the registered 4 professional nurse must be expanded. The nurse of the future must be prepared to partner with multiple disciplines as a collaborator and 6 manager of the complex patient care journey. Shorter lengths of stays, 7 higher patient acuity, and more sophisticated technologies and procedures are increasing the complexity of patient care - which in turn places great demands on nursing competencies. Other countries are responding to these changes by requiring the baccalaureate degree as an 10 entry requirement for nursing licensure while other professions are 11 12 demanding master and doctoral degrees as their entry point. Several 13 recent research studies clearly demonstrate the added value of addi-14 tional education in relation to improved patient outcomes; one study 15 demonstrates that each ten percent increase in the number of baccalau-16 reate prepared nurses results in a five percent decrease in surgical 17 patient deaths. Therefore, the legislature finds that expanding the

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1 educational requirements for the profession of nursing, while maintaining the multiple entry points into the profession, is needed. 3 legislation affects future nurses graduating from associate degree or 4 diploma nursing programs who would be required to obtain a baccalaureate in nursing within ten years of initial licensure. All current nurses licensed in New York and students in programs preparing for registered 7 professional nursing are to be exempt from the new requirement. This legislation is mirrored after the progressive education requirement for 9 teachers in New York state. Numerous regulatory and accrediting bodies 10 have recommended this change as a means to address sophisticated patient care needs resulting from shorter lengths of stay, higher acuity and 11 more sophisticated interventions. This proposal is the result of a grow-12 13 ing body of research evidence that additional education results in 14 better patient outcomes. Therefore by requiring the baccalaureate degree 15 for continued registration as a registered professional nurse this 16 legislation seeks to be responsive to meet the increasingly complex 17 health care needs of the residents of New York state. 18

- § 2. Subdivision 2 of section 6905 of the education law, as amended by chapter 994 of the laws of 1971 and such section as renumbered by chapter 50 of the laws of 1972, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) Education: have received an education, and a diploma or degree in professional nursing, in accordance with the commissioner's regulations, and in order to continue to maintain registration as a registered professional nurse in New York state, have attained a baccalaureate degree in nursing within ten years of initial licensure in accordance with the commissioner's regulations. The department, in its discretion, may issue a conditional registration to a licensee who fails to complete the baccalaureate degree but who agrees to meet the additional requirement within one year. The fee for such a conditional registration shall be the same as, and in addition to, the fee for the triennial registration. The duration of such conditional registration shall be for one year and may be extended, with the payment of a fee, for no more than one additional year. Any licensee who is notified of the denial of a registration for failure to complete the additional educational requirements and who practices as a registered professional nurse without such registration may be subject to disciplinary proceedings pursuant to section sixty-five hundred ten of this title;
 - § 3. The provisions of this act shall not apply to:
- a. any student entering a generic baccalaureate program preparing registered professional nurses after the effective date of this act;
- 41 b. any student currently enrolled in, or having an application pending in, a program preparing registered nurses as of the effective date of 43 this act;
- 44 c. any person already licensed as a registered professional nurse or 45 any unlicensed graduate professional nurse who is eligible to take the 46 National Council Licensure Examination as of the effective date of this 47
- 48 This act shall take effect immediately and the commissioner of § 4. 49 education is authorized to promulgate any rule or regulation necessary to implement the provisions of this act.